

Clean Transportation Collaborative (CTC)

Facilitating thought leadership in the transition to a low-emissions transportation system



Agenda

11:00-11:15
Joe Zietsman

Opening Remarks
Overview of CTC

11:15-11:25
Greg Winfree

High-Level Remarks
Introduce Michael Berube

11:25-11:40
Michael Berube

Keynote Speech

11:40-11:45
Alice Grossman

Introduce Rachael Nealer

11:45-12:00
Rachael Nealer

Keynote Speech

12:00-12:25
Alice Grossman

Q&A Session

12:25-12:30
Joe Zietsman

Closing Remarks

Center for Advancing Research in Transportation Emissions, Energy and Health (CARTEEH)



www.cartteeh.org



Why Did We Establish the CTC?



**Push for Clean
Transportation**



**Requires an
interdisciplinary
approach**



**Research needs
to be informed
by practice**



**CARTEEH is
perfectly
positioned**

What is the CTC?

Mission

The CTC brings together academic partners, private industry, and the public sector to facilitate interdisciplinary collaboration in the pursuit of clean, healthy, and equitable low-carbon transportation options.



What is the CTC?

Goals

Facilitate **stakeholder collaboration** between the Transportation and Energy sectors.

Serve as a clearinghouse of **scientific information** to inform decision-makers

Stay abreast of relevant **new technologies** and approaches.

Address all topics through an **equity** lens.

Disseminate information and perform **outreach** amongst members, stakeholders, and the public.

How Will the CTC Function?



Current CTC Members



Alamo Area Clean Cities	EVgo Services LLC	New Mexico Bureau of Geology	Texas Department of Transportation
Alamo Area Council of Governments	EVNoire	NFI Industries	Texas Electric Transportation Resources Alliance
Arizona Department of Transportation	Federal Highway Administration	Nigel Clark Consulting	Texas Energy Summit
Bayerische Motoren Werke AG	Frio Valley Infrastructure	North Central Texas Council of Governments	Texas Trees Foundation
Beverly Scott Associates	General Motors	Nuro	TxEtra
BP	Georgia Tech	Octopus Energy	U.S. Department of Energy
Capital Area Metropolitan Planning Organization	GP Red	Priority Power Management	U.S. Department of Transportation
Center for Environmental Research and Technology	Grid Focus LLC	Proterra	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Center for Transportation and the Environment	H-E-B	Rivian	University of California, Riverside
Chargepoint, Inc.	Houston Advanced Research Center	S. Bertin Consulting	University of Texas at Austin
CPS Energy	Houston-Galveston Area Council	Sacramento Metropolitan Air Quality Management District	University of Texas at El Paso
Einride	International Council on Clean Transportation	Shell	University of Washington
El Paso Metropolitan Planning Organization	Introducing Youth to American Infrastructure Inc	South Coast Air Quality Management District	University of Wisconsin-Madison
Electrification Coalition	Johns Hopkins University	Stoic Energy Consulting	Venn Strategies
Electrify America	Lone Star Clean Fuels Alliance	TESIAC	VIA Metropolitan Transit
ElectroTempo, Inc.	Metropolitan Transit Authority of Harris County	Texas 2036	Volvo Group North America
Eno Center for Transportation	MP2 Energy	Texas A&M University	
Environmental Defense Fund	National Association of State Energy Officials	Texas Advanced Energy Business Alliance	
Ernst & Young LLP	Navistar	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality	



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Office of
**ENERGY EFFICIENCY &
RENEWABLE ENERGY**

Decarbonizing the Transportation Sector

Michael Berube
Deputy Assistant Secretary for Sustainable Transportation
DOE's Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

April 2022



EERE Mission & Goals

EERE MISSION

Our mission is to drive the research, development, demonstration and deployment of innovative technologies, systems, and practices that will put America on an irreversible path to:

- **Achieve a carbon-free electricity sector by 2035; and**
- **Equitably transition America to net-zero greenhouse gas emissions economy-wide by no later than 2050**

KEYS TO ENSURE THE GREATEST IMPACT



Environmental and Energy Justice



Workforce Development



Diversity in STEM



State and Local Partnerships

PRIORITIES

100% decarbonized electric grid by 2035

Decarbonize energy intensive industries

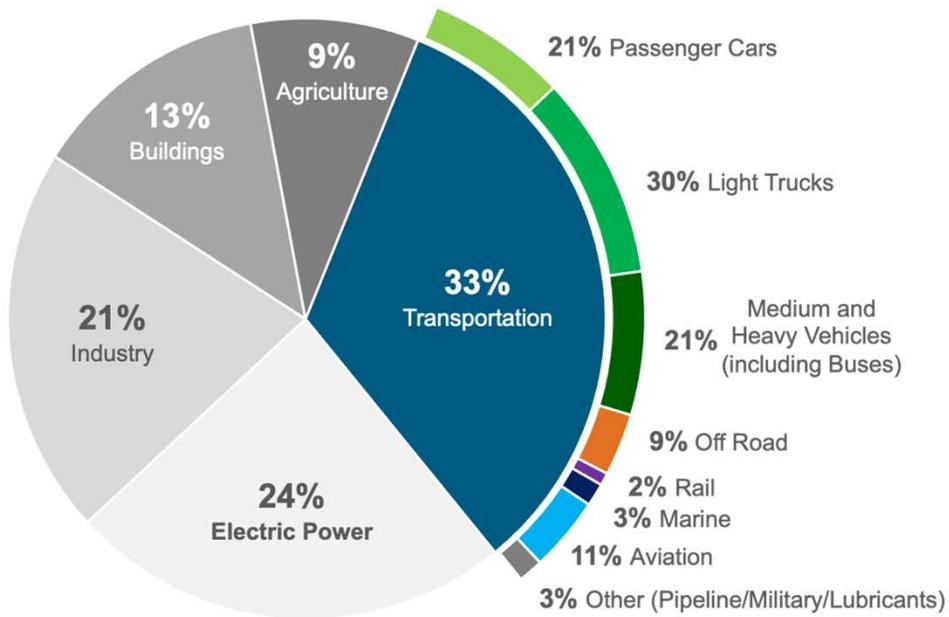
Decarbonize transportation across all modes

Reduce the carbon footprint of buildings

Enable a net-zero agricultural sector

Transportation in Climate Change Mitigation

2019 U.S. GHG Emissions



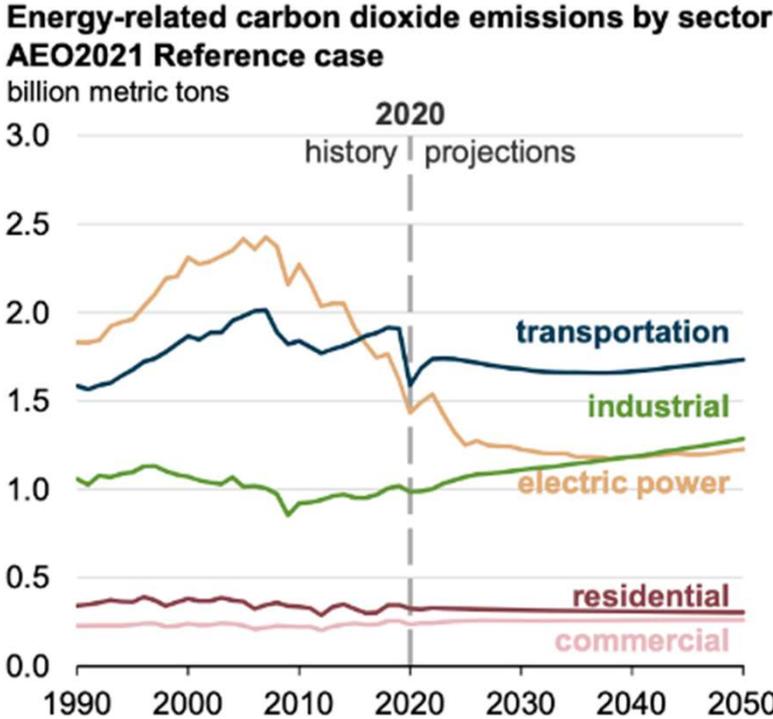
Aviation and marine include emissions from international aviation and maritime transport. Fractions may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

- Transportation is the largest source of CO₂ emissions today
- Also responsible for 50% of energy expenditures and major local pollution issues
- The climate crisis requires rapid, widespread, and major transformation of many complex systems that are closely intertwined
- Impacts every part of the economy and way of life, including all transportation systems

Achieving Net-Zero by 2050 Requires Change from the Status Quo

Incremental change does not get us to net-zero, it requires **coordinated strategy and direction NOW.**

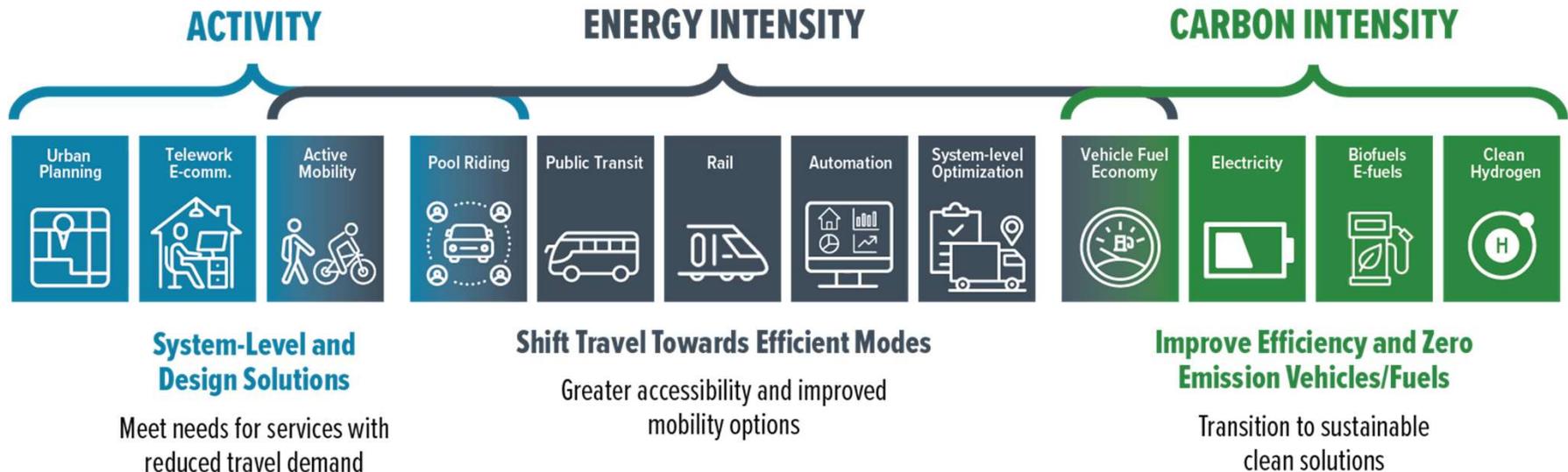
- The magnitude of industrial change and direct consumer touch points with transportation require market-pull solutions.
- We must support demand for growth in mobility options – fuel switching, and vehicle/system efficiencies must dominate.



The Strategies

$$\text{Emissions} = \text{Activity} * \text{Energy Intensity} * \text{Carbon intensity}$$

Three strategies to address these three fundamental drivers of transportation emissions:



PREDECISIONAL: DO NOT SHARE, CITE, OR DISTRIBUTE

Multiple, Targeted Solutions are Needed

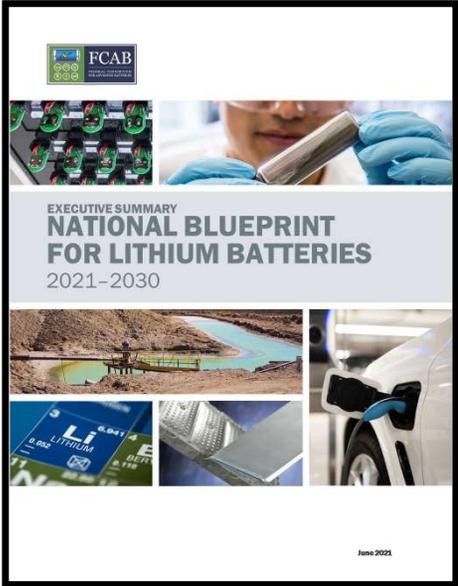
- Light Duty (cars/SUV/PU) have largest share of the pie (~52%), and can largely be electrified leveraging cheap and abundant clean electricity
- Strategy must also address **remaining 45+% of transportation** (projected to grow more rapidly)
 - Hydrogen and Biofuels will be critical to these other sectors
 - Diversification also improves resiliency
- Focus on solutions that can be **incrementally deployed**, delivering results by 2030
- Full **lifecycle emissions** must be addressed
- Effective **integration with the grid and energy infrastructure**



U.S. National Battery Strategy – FCAB

The Federal Consortium of Advanced Batteries (FCAB) issued the first U.S. National Battery Strategy

By 2030, the U.S. and its partners will establish a secure battery materials and technology supply chain that supports long-term economic competitiveness & job creation, enables decarbonization goals, and meets national security requirements.



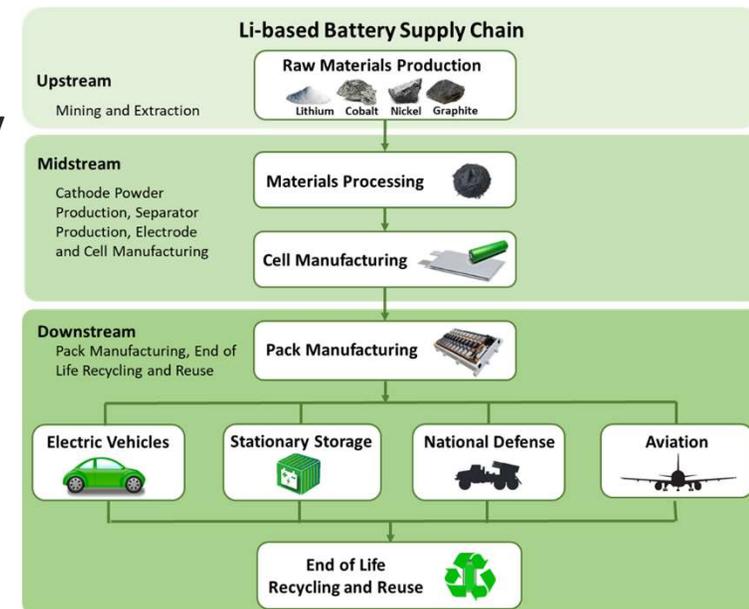
- Minerals
- Battery Materials
- Cells/Packs
- Recycling
- Innovation

GOALS TO ACHIEVE OUR VISION

- 
1 Secure access to raw and refined materials and discover alternates for critical minerals for commercial and defense applications
- 
2 Support the growth of a U.S. materials processing base able to meet domestic battery manufacturing demand
- 
3 Stimulate the U.S. electrode, cell, and pack manufacturing sector
- 
4 Enable U.S. end of life reuse and critical materials recycling at scale and a full competitive value chain in the United States
- 
5 Maintain and advance U.S. battery technology leadership by strongly supporting scientific R&D, STEM education, and workforce development

Bipartisan Infrastructure Law – Battery Provisions

- Over **\$7 billion** to accelerate innovations and facilities across the battery supply chain
- In February 2022, DOE announced two **Notices of Intent** to invest **\$3 billion** to strengthen the U.S. supply chain for advanced batteries for vehicles and grid energy storage:
 - DOE intends to issue two funding opportunity announcements this Spring:
 - Battery Materials Processing and Battery Manufacturing (BIL sections 40207 b and c); and
 - Electric Drive Vehicle Battery Recycling and Second Life Applications (BIL section 40208).



Bipartisan Infrastructure Law - Hydrogen Highlights

- **Covers \$9.5B for clean hydrogen:**
 - \$8B for at least four regional clean hydrogen hubs
 - \$1B for electrolysis research, development and demonstration
 - \$500M for clean hydrogen technology manufacturing and recycling R&D



President Biden Signs the Bipartisan Infrastructure Bill on November 15, 2021.
Photo Credit: Kenny Holston/Getty Images

- **Aligns with Hydrogen Shot priorities by directing work to reduce the cost of clean hydrogen to \$2 per kilogram by 2026**
- **Requires developing a National Hydrogen Strategy and Roadmap**

Decarbonization is part of a Broader Sustainable Transportation Approach



Meet Everyone's Needs

Reliable mobility solutions for people and goods recognizing diverse needs of different communities and stakeholders

Affordable

Affordable (for consumers) and competitive for industry by supporting economy/jobs

Environmental Quality

High quality local air and water in addition to GHG emissions

Thank you.

Michael Berube

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Sustainable Transportation
Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy
U.S. Department of Energy

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Are You A Clean Energy Champion?
¿Eres un campeón de energía limpia?

energy.gov/eere/cleanenergychampion



Joint Office Technical Assistance Briefing with NASEO

April 12, 2022

Dr. Rachael Nealer, Joint Office of Energy and Transportation

driveelectric.gov

Joint Office of Energy and Transportation

Established in the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law to address areas of joint interest to the Departments of Energy and Transportation

\$300M

in FY22 funds to DOT
with transfer authority to DOE

9

major areas of emphasis

Areas of emphasis summary

- 1) **technical assistance of vehicle charging**
- 2) data sharing
- 3) performance of a national and regionalized study vehicle charging
- 4) training and certification programs
- 5) a program to promote renewable energy generation, storage, and grid integration
- 6) transmission pilots in the rights-of-way
- 7) research, strategies, and actions to mitigate the effects of climate change
- 8) development of a streamlined utility accommodations policy for transmission in the transportation right-of-way
- 9) any other issues that the Secretary of Transportation and the Secretary of Energy identify as issues of joint interest

Immediate-Term Bipartisan Infrastructure Law Priorities for the Joint Office

The Joint Office will provide unifying guidance, technical assistance, and analysis to support the following programs:



National Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Formula Program (U.S. DOT)

\$5 billion for states to build a national EV charging network along corridors



National Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Discretionary Program (U.S. DOT)

\$2.5 billion in community grants for EV charging, as well as hydrogen, natural gas, and propane fueling infrastructure



Low-No Emissions Grants Program for Transit (U.S. DOT)

\$5.6 billion in support of low- and no-emission transit bus deployments



Clean School Bus Program (U.S. EPA)

\$5 billion in support of electric school bus deployments

NEVI Formula Program Guidance

Publication kicks off the state
planning process:

- Funding Features
- State EV Infrastructure
Deployment Plans
- Project Eligibility Provisions
- Program Administration
- Technical Assistance and Tools

National Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Formula Program

Bipartisan Infrastructure Law



Program Guidance

Federal Highway Administration
February 10, 2022



NEVI Formula Program- Important 2022 Dates

Feb 10:

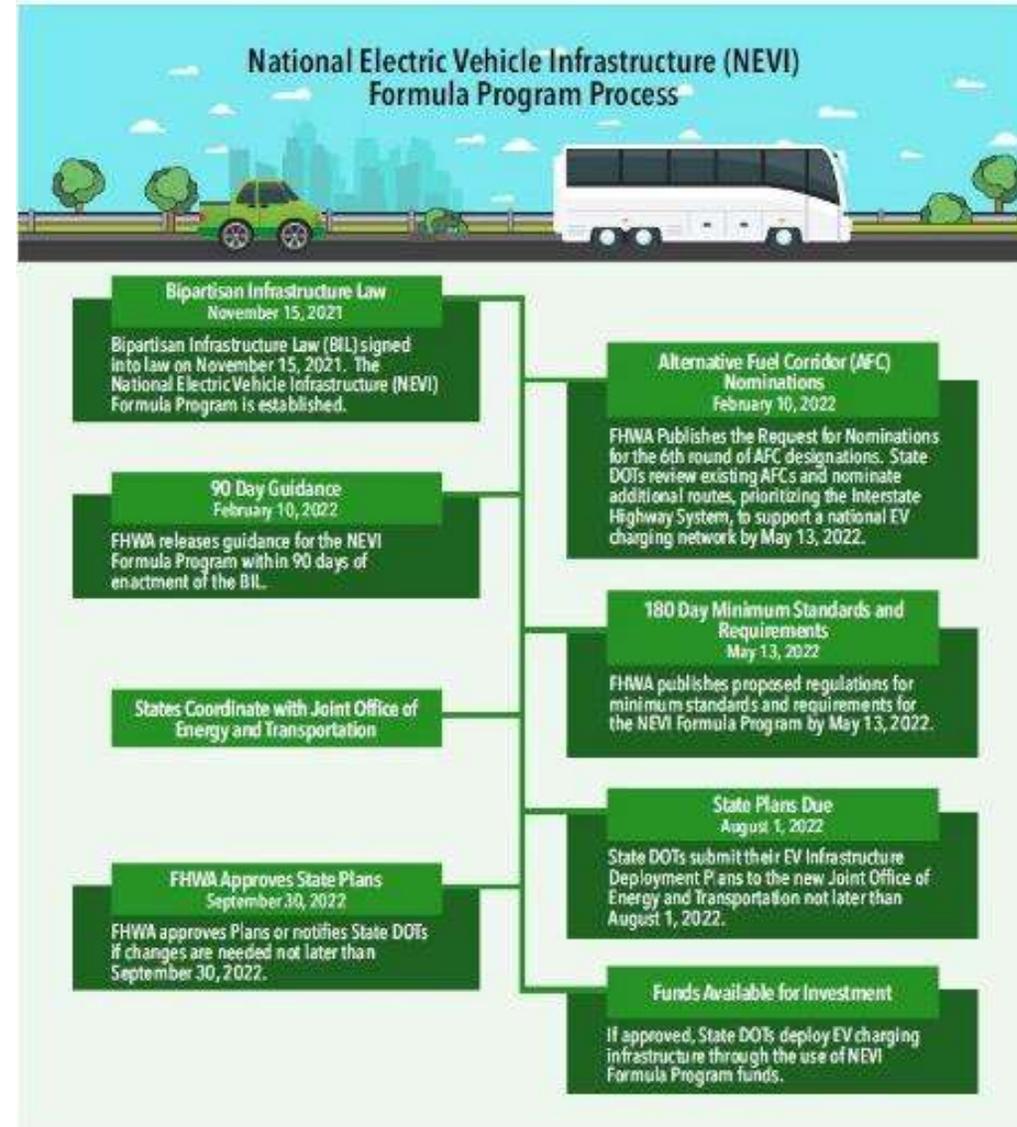
- NEVI Formula Program Guidance
- Alt Fuel Corridor Round 6 Request For Nominations

May 13:

- 180 Day Minimum Standards published
- Round 6 Nominations Due

Aug 1: State Plans Due

Sept 30: FHWA approves State Plans



NEVI Formula Program Guidance – EV Charging

Provides guidance on EV charging infrastructure attributes:

- EV charging infrastructure is installed **every 50 miles** along the State's portions of the Interstate Highway System **within 1 travel mile of the Interstate**, unless a discretionary exception has been granted;
- EV charging infrastructure includes **at least four 150kW DC Fast Chargers with Combined Charging System (CCS) ports** capable of simultaneously charging four EVs;
- EV charging infrastructure has minimum station power capability **at or above 600kW and supports at least 150kW per port simultaneously across four ports for charging**;
- Such additional considerations deemed necessary and appropriate by the Secretary of Transportation.

NEVI Formula Program- Project Funds Eligibility

- The **acquisition or installation of electric vehicle charging infrastructure**;
- **Operating assistance** for costs allocable to operating and maintaining electric vehicle charging infrastructure acquired or installed under this program, for a period not to exceed five years;
- **Development phase activities** relating to the acquisition of stations and equipment as well as installation of EV charging infrastructure
 - This includes community outreach and participation, including with rural, Tribal, and disadvantaged communities, to facilitate equitable and accessible deployment of EV charging infrastructure
- **On premises signs** to provide information about electric vehicle charging infrastructure acquired, installed, or operated.
- **Data sharing** about EV charging infrastructure to ensure the long-term success of investments
- The acquisition or installation of **traffic control devices** located in the right-of way to provide directional information to electric vehicle charging infrastructure acquired, installed, or operated under the NEVI program
- **Mapping and analysis activities** to evaluate, in an area in the United States designated by the eligible entity

Details Available:

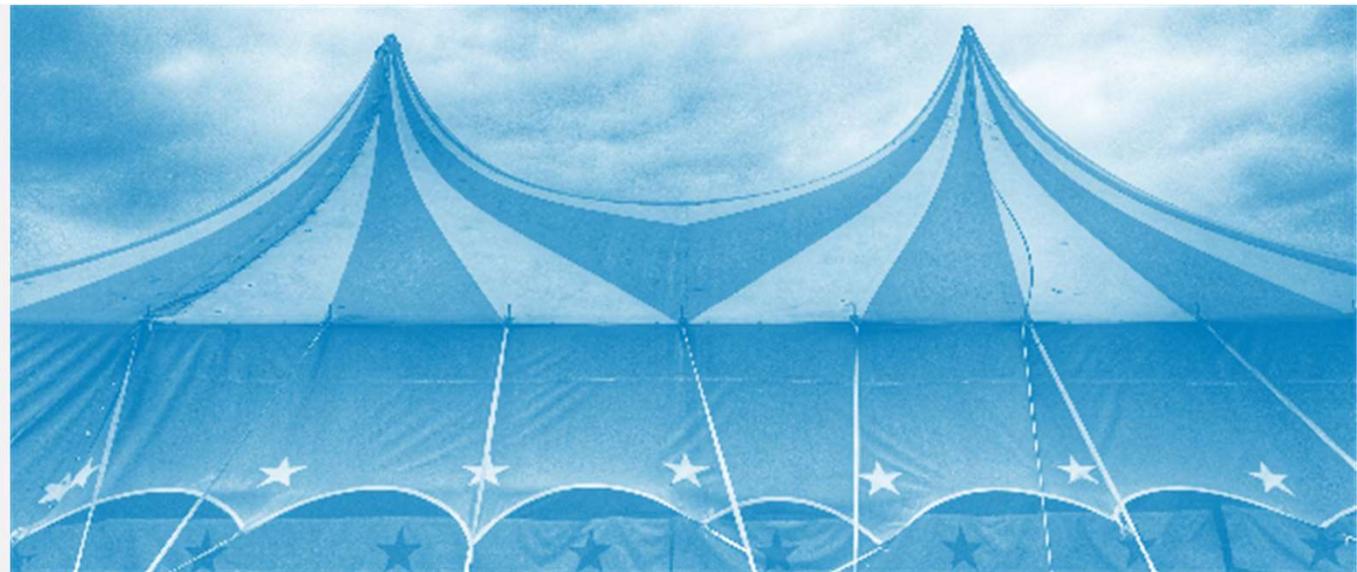
Section IV.A- Project Eligibility Provisions

Joint Office Technical Assistance Principles

Respectful collaboration with the electric charging experts that have preceded the Joint Office to accomplish our shared vision:

A future where everyone can ride and drive electric

- In our goal to build a reliable, convenient, equitable national network, Technical Assistance will
 - Dive into the hard challenges alongside states and our partners in order to create something revolutionary.
 - Help states getting started build on the successes and learn from the challenges of states with more mature networks.
 - Utilize the people, programs, and relationships that came before us and enable future charging experts.





Primary Audience – Phase One

Provide proactive and reactive support to State DOTs for NEVI guidance roll-out, capacity building, and state plan development





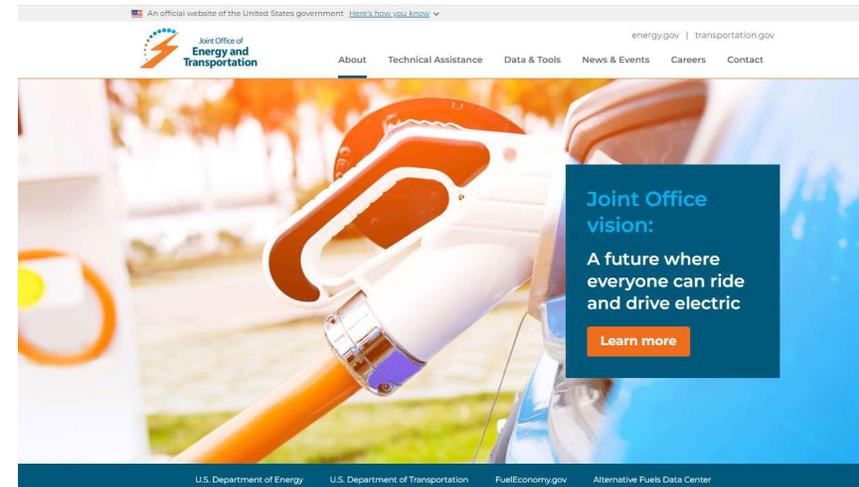
Proactive and Reactive Technical Assistance



DriveElectric.gov

Website connects state DOTs and other stakeholders to technical assistance resources, including:

- NEVI guidance
- State plan template
- Technical assistance concierge
- Supporting data and tools
- Will continue to update as new resources become available



A modernized and interagency approach to support the deployment of zero-emission, convenient, accessible, equitable transportation infrastructure

The Joint Office of Energy and Transportation was created through the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) to facilitate collaboration between the U.S. Department of Energy and the U.S. Department of Transportation. The Joint Office will align resources and expertise across the two departments toward leveraged outcomes. The office will be a critical component in the implementation of the BIL, providing support and expertise to a multitude of programs that seek to deploy a network of electric vehicle chargers, zero-emission fueling infrastructure, and zero-emission transit and school buses. The scope of the Joint Office will continue to evolve as directed by both departments.

[Contact us](#)

[Technical assistance](#)

Benefits of investing in our electric vehicle charging infrastructure

Initial priorities of the Joint Office will be to support states with planning and to implement the National Electric Vehicle Charging Infrastructure program.



Support electric vehicles

Accelerates the adoption of electric vehicles, including for those who cannot reliably charge at home to enable up to 50% of new vehicle sales to be electric by 2030.



Fewer emissions

Reduces transportation-related emissions and helps put the United States on a path to net-zero emissions by no later than 2050.



Job creation

Positions U.S. industries to lead global transportation electrification efforts and create good jobs.



A network for everyone

Targeted equity benefits for disadvantaged communities, reducing mobility and energy burdens while also creating jobs and supporting businesses.

Foundational NEVI/Alternative Fuel Corridor (AFC) data

- Provides data that meet NEVI requirements
- Provides all DC Fast stations for upgrade analyses
- Provides number of EVSE ports and connector breakdown

Webinars

- Proactively push information to states and partners
- Rotate between open and state focused topics
- Workinars for specific guidance and plan topics

State One-on-One Meetings

Individual meetings between states and the Joint Office

- General assistance developing NEVI plans
 - Specific areas of assistance
 - Support with Round 6 AFC nominations
 - Coordination with existing state EV charging plans
 - Clarification on guidance
- Email or use contact form for assistance*



Actual State One-on-One Topics

- As of 3/22, 40 states have reached out to the Concierge
- Inquiries have resulted in 27 state one on ones

- Exceptions
- Cost Share
- Delegating to Other State Agencies
- De-designations of Corridors
- Strategy for New Corridor Designation
- Eligible roadways for NEVI
- Timing of plans
- J40 compliance
- Details needed for state plans
 - Station siting
 - Signage



Discuss Analysis and Data Needs

- Joint office has analysis capabilities and can draw on National Laboratory colleagues for support
- Working on engaging other analysis partners

- Identify what stations need upgrades to meet NEVI
- Calculate stations needed along corridors
- Clarify ready – pending – fully built out continuum
- Evaluate which stations are in Justice40 regions
- Identify roadways where 50 miles may be challenging
- Assess roadways for exceptions
- Evaluate where NEVI requirements for stations may not be enough for expected traffic
- Evaluate state allocations versus potential corridor build out cost





Joint Office of
**Energy and
Transportation**

Thank You

driveelectric.gov

